1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN
2	SOUTHERN DIVISION
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
4	Plaintiff,
5	HON. JONATHAN J.C. GREY
6	v. No. 22-20504
7	AWS MOHAMMED NASER,
8	Defendant. /
9	
10	MOTION HEARING - SEALED RECORD
11	BEFORE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE JONATHAN J.C. GREY Theodore Levin United States Courthouse
12	231 West Lafayette Boulevard Detroit, Michigan
13	Monday, June 5, 2023
14	3:10 p.m.
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1	June 5, 2023
2	Detroit, Michigan
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4	(Court, Counsel and Defendant present; 3:10 p.m.)
5	THE COURT CLERK: All rise. The United States
6	District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan is now in
7	session; the Honorable Jonathan J.C. Grey presiding. You may
8	be seated.
9	The Court now calls Case Number 22-CR-20601, United
10	States of America versus Aws Mohammed Naser.
11	Will counsel please place their appearances for the
12	record starting with the government.
13	MS. MOHSIN: Yes. Good afternoon, Your Honor. I
14	believe the Case Number is 22-20504?
15	THE COURT CLERK: That's correct. That's correct.
16	MS. MOHSIN: Just making sure.
17	Saima Mohsin, Assistant United States Attorney,
18	appearing on behalf of the United States. To my right is
19	Dmitriy Slavin. He is a trial attorney with the Department of
20	Justice's National Security Division.
21	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
22	MR. SLAVIN: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Thank you.
24	MR. GEROMETTA: James Gerometta and Amanda Bashi on
25	behalf of Aws Naser who is present to my left, Your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Good afternoon to you all as well. 2 Good afternoon. MS. BASHI: 3 THE COURT: Thank you. And I just want to say thank 4 you to counsel and all parties for their patience today. 5 Court was delayed due to another court matter, but I appreciate counsel for standing by and being prepared to proceed. 6 7 And so this is a hearing on the government's motion to 8 amend the existing protective order, and you all may be seated. 9 And so I have received the -- both the motion, the response, as 10 well as the reply from the United States in the latter 11 instance, but if there are additional items that you would like 12 to present at argument, you may. 13 MR. GEROMETTA: Your Honor, before we start, Mr. Naser 14 asked me to put something on record, and I thought I'd do it 15 now before the government gets going if it's okay with the 16 Court. 17 MR. SLAVIN: Okay. 18 MR. GEROMETTA: Thank you. My apologies. 19 Your Honor, Mr. Naser has some concerns in this case, 20 and we went over this a little bit last time. We were talking 21 about scheduling, and I think it will come up when we talk about whether this should be a complex case or not, but this is 22 23 a case where Mr. Naser is five years into a parole violation at 24 the Michigan Department of Corrections. He was brought over on

a writ which interrupted his programming there, and he hasn't

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been able to finish that programming. He's been here for about seven or eight months now. And he's concerned about that. The interstate agreement against detainers gives a presumptive six-months timeframe to try cases. That might be 120 days, Your Honor. I can double check that. But regardless, we are over that presumptive timeframe when he's brought over on a writ.

And, again, this goes to the government's request for a complex case designation. In the time he's been here we've received some discovery. There's more discovery waiting. We just, Miss Bashi and I, looked at some more discovery that hasn't been released pending the resolution of the protective order. There have been two judicial recusals in this case, which is extraordinary, as I'm sure everyone in this court agrees with. It's unusual to get one, much less two.

And Mr. Naser has some real concerns about the pace of this case. He's asked me to reiterate his rights under the interstate agreement on detainers, that there really hasn't been a sufficient finding in this case, that it should -- the 120-day timeframe should be exceeded. We still don't have full discovery. To the extent that there have been these recusals and there have been judges familiar with the cases who set some aggressive -- you know, Judge Borman in particular had set a more aggressive timeline in this case. Mr. Naser has asked me to indicate he would waive whatever conflict there was that

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caused -- you know, the last recusal was by Judge Hood, so I guess that's the one I'll address, that would cause Judge Hood to recuse herself. For the record, he is reasserting his IAD rights.

THE COURT: Wait. Just so I understand, you're saying he would waive whatever issue caused recusal?

MR. GEROMETTA: He would, Your Honor, yes.

THE COURT: Well, we don't know what caused the recusal, so there may not necessarily be anything for him to waive. And once the recusal is done, I have no way of knowing what happened or why. I know that the case is mine.

MR. GEROMETTA: I understand that, Your Honor. Much like the upcoming FISA litigation where I'm shooting in the dark a little bit, I'm shooting in the dark here too. And, you know, I can understand Mr. Naser's concerns and why he's frustrated by this entire thing.

THE COURT: Just so I understand, Mr. Gerometta, are you making a motion?

MR. GEROMETTA: I guess -- so this -- Mr. Naser and I discussed this this afternoon before we came up. You know, I'm not sure there is a mechanism to make a motion, to waive the recusal, to waive -- I don't know if there was a conflict and we were asked to waive it, we could waive it, but when we don't know the reason for the recusal, it's hard to make a motion when I don't know that reason.

1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 MR. GEROMETTA: And I'm not even sure how to 3 investigate that reason. 4 THE COURT: And I don't think that there is a 5 mechanism to investigate the reason for another judge making --6 deciding to recuse themselves from the case. So separate and 7 apart from that, the IAD issue, are you making a motion regards 8 to that? And just to specify for purposes of the record, part 9 of your concern is that Mr. Naser is not in state custody, he's been brought over to federal custody and that time has been 10 11 extended repeatedly. And so your concern is that he's missing 12 out on programming that he had begun in state custody. Is that correct? 13 14 MR. GEROMETTA: Yes, Your Honor. Because it puts him 15 in a really difficult position to either stay here and work 16 with us, to expedite this case, or to go back and get that 17 state programming. And if I could have one moment, please, 18 Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: You may. 20 (Attorney/client conference.) 21 MR. GEROMETTA: So, Your Honor, he's in a -- he's got 22 a difficult choice, really impossible choice, to return there 23 and get programming or to stay here and really assist us in 24 preparing for trial, and I think that's a choice -- that's what the IAD is meant to avoid with that 120-day maximum.

because of that, I would make an oral motion to dismiss based on IAD violation. I understand the Court may want me to supplement or to file an official written motion, but I raise that issue now before we get started on everything.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. GEROMETTA: Thank you.

THE COURT: Counsel, would you like to respond? And I'll just direct you -- I don't need a response regarding recusal.

MS. MOHSIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

I just want to acknowledge for the record that the government agrees; it is extraordinary for one, let alone two, judges to recuse themselves. We don't have any idea why that occurred.

As far as the IADA is concerned, the defendant waived his IADA rights, then he withdrew that waiver, the government was asked not to return him to state custody. We have honored that request. We will return him to state custody should he have any reason to do so or if he requests that. But as far as the government is concerned, there has been no violation of his speedy trial rights here either under the Speedy Trial Act or constitutionally.

As the Court is aware, a motion for complex case designation was filed in this case sometime ago. That motion is still pending, as is the government's motion for amending

the protective order.

So I don't believe that there is any sig -- any time that has been charged to the government with respect to speedy trial at this point because we have been in some sort of motion practice pretty much from the inception of the case.

THE COURT: Thank you.

I believe that that is an accurate statement of the law, and so on that basis I'm going to deny the motion. You certainly have leave, Mr. Gerometta, if you deem it reasonable and warranted, to file a motion, and the Court will address a written motion. And I'll just state, Miss Mohsin actually very clearly said if -- having a little bit of brain fog here -- if Mr. Naser wants to go back to state custody, that the government is happy to have him go back to state custody. So there may not be any opposition to that. I would just urge you consult and confer with counsel for the United States.

So we will move on to the purpose of today's hearing which is the motion to amend the protective order. And Miss Mohsin or Mr. Slavin, you may approach the lectern.

MR. SLAVIN: Thank you, Your Honor. That is loud.

When we began this case, we talked with the defense about the need for a protective order, and counsel on both sides agreed to a stipulated protective order. Judge Borman found good cause to enter into this protective order, and it was entered back in the fall. Actually in December, early

December.

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Soon after that, Mr. Naser began having phone calls with a journalist who, in the past, has done a podcast that featured a lot of information from Mr. Naser. In fact, almost the entire episode of this podcast was dedicated to Mr. Naser and the things that he had told him. The journalist told Mr. Naser in their conversations that he had read the protective order, that it was not a violation of the protective order for Mr. Naser to summarize the information in his discovery and provide that information to the reporter. agreed to have his brother provide some of the discovery information. The journalist tasked Mr. Naser with looking at the discovery to get him certain things, and they discussed doing a documentary on Mr. Naser's case, on the investigation, with the goal of shining a light on the work the FBI does on terrorism cases and what they consider to be improper ways that the FBI pursues terrorism cases.

THE COURT: Mr. Slavin, have you identified specific minutes and seconds in Exhibits 3 and 4 that you submitted to the Court that specifically would show he was distributing information in violation of the December 12th, 2022, protective order?

MR. SLAVIN: So he was not -- having reviewed the language of the protective order, what he was distributing was marked as general discovery. In -- which that specific

document, talking about one specific document, that was a sealed record from another court regarding a sealed case. We should have marked that as sensitive because it was sealed.

THE COURT: But you didn't.

MR. SLAVIN: We did not. So he did not improperly distribute this information, which is a problem in itself because it shows that the protective order is not sufficient to cover the issues in this case. Because information that is general discovery which is still concerning this case, there's no limit on him sharing that information with the media, and he has made it his mission to share that information with the media.

He has refused to sign any protective order, and so we are certainly concerned that anything even more sensitive that he sees is going to end up in the media.

THE COURT: And specifically about his refusal to sign a protective order, what would you have the Court do if he continues to refuse to sign an agreement regarding nondisclosure of materials?

MR. SLAVIN: So what we had proposed is an amended protective order. That amended protective order limits his access to even the general discovery; that would require him to, first, sign a protective order in order to view it and then to only view it in the presence of his attorneys so he does not have the ability to publicize it and share with the media.

1 THE COURT: So if he doesn't sign, what would you like 2 the Court to do? 3 MR. SLAVIN: To enter this protective order where his 4 attorneys would have access to all of the discovery but he 5 would not himself be able to actually get his hands on the documents. 6 7 THE COURT: And specifically regarding the April 7, 8 2023, call, do you have a copy of that for the Court? 9 MR. SLAVIN: We do, and we can submit the entire call 10 for the Court. All the calls are recorded, so we could provide 11 recordings of each of these phone calls to the Court. 12 THE COURT: I do think that that would be helpful, and 13 for that reason I may not be making a decision on this motion 14 today. 15 MR. SLAVIN: Understood. 16 THE COURT: You may proceed if you have anything that you'd like to illuminate for the Court. 17 18 MR. SLAVIN: Our focus is on both protecting future 19 investigations and any current investigations going on but also 20 ensuring that both sides get a fair trial in this case. 21 Some of the discovery is going to be inadmissible, as 22 is always the case, but if it's out there in the public because 23 it's shared in the media, then the potential jury pool could be 24 tainted with this information being out there. This is a --

the journalist that he's been in contact with constantly has

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done multiple podcasts focusing on FBI investigations. He himself has thousands of listeners, but he's also been featured on many other podcasts talking about law enforcement. He's a frequent guest. He's often quoted and sent in articles. So he has a lot of reach and a lot of ability to publicize this case. And we're not asking for, you know, any kind of restriction on the media, but as, in fact, they say on their phone calls, if there's documents that make their way to the media, that gives a lot more credibility. That gives a lot more comph to anything that they choose to put out, and it's things we may not be able to address at trial because it may be inadmissible, it may be hearsay, it may have to do with other cases and things that would not be relevant or appropriate to bring up at trial but the jury may already know if it's been widely publicized in the media.

So that is a concern for us, ensuring that we don't have a tainted jury pool but also protecting terrorism investigations. The discovery material is going to show not just what -- things that Mr. Naser already knew but also how the government knows those things. So that's going to reveal potential surveillance, that's going to, you know, reveal the use of any sources, and that endangers ongoing as well as potential future investigations. So those are our two concerns in this case: fair trial and protecting investigations.

THE COURT: Thank you. And the Court is certainly

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sensitive to those concerns.
                                   The balance is against the right
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     of access and certainly right of access for a defendant.
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    so I'm going to weigh, continue to weigh this request very
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    carefully. But thank you.
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              MR. SLAVIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Mr. Gerometta?
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             MR. GEROMETTA:
                              Thank you.
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              So, Your Honor, the government raises two concerns in
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     its request for an expanded protective order, and I'm going to
    separate them because I think they're two very different
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     concerns that have two very different remedies. The first is
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    the idea of the FBI's sources and means, I'll call them, the
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    need to protect ongoing and perhaps --
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              THE COURT: Just try not to touch the base of the
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    microphone.
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             MR. GEROMETTA: I'm sorry.
             THE COURT:
                          Or the mic at all. That one is sensitive.
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                            I apologize. I nudged it with my
             MR. GEROMETTA:
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    paper.
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             THE COURT: No problem. It's very sensitive. Please
    continue.
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             MR. GEROMETTA: So I'll call it the sources and
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    methods being the first concern. And I think that's the
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    legitimate concern for a protective order here. And the
     original protective order was designed to separate discovery
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that would reveal sources and methods and discovery that -that wouldn't reveal those sources and methods. Discovery that
wouldn't reveal that sort of thing was made general discovery,
and discovery that would potentially reveal sources and methods
was made sensitive discovery.

Now, it's my personal opinion that the government has overused what should be in sensitive discovery. You know, looking at what's in the sensitive discovery, we have defendant's bank records, defendant's credit report, a subpoena to Bank of America, subpoena for Western Union and response, these sorts of things. Now, the fact that the government subpoenas Bank of America, I guess, is a method of investigation, but I don't really think it's a sort of -- I think I'm just shaking this.

THE COURT: It's okay.

MR. GEROMETTA: I don't think it's a sort of method of investigation that needs to be protected. I don't think anyone can or will do anything different or will be surprised to find out that law enforcement uses investigative subpoenas to get people's bank records or Western Union records. I don't understand why that is sensitive discovery.

But that aside, there are some things and there is some information in here regarding search warrant affidavits and that sort of thing that do in part, I will admit, talk about sensitive sources and methods. And those things, I

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think, are appropriately under a protective order to stop them from being disseminated out into the world and interfering with ongoing or future investigations. And that's what the purpose of a protective order is.

The other thing that the government is concerned about is they're concerned about taint of the jury pool, and I don't think that's an appropriate use of a protective order. When you're talking about tainting the jury pool, what you're actually talking about is a gag order. If you're talking about a gag order, the standard for that is, you know, is somebody going to be making statements that they believe are going to be published by the media that will influence the jury pool.

THE COURT: Well, they've said yes.

MR. GEROMETTA: Well, Your Honor, they've said that in the past Mr. Aaronson has had podcasts and these sorts of things that talk about what he believes is the manufacturing of terrorism by the FBI, and they said he has thousands of listeners and he's sometimes associated with other media, but what they haven't pointed to is any sort of overwhelming press, overwhelming deluge of information into this particular jury pool that would make it impossible to select a jury.

THE COURT: And their view is that this is why they're requesting it, so it doesn't get to that point.

MR. GEROMETTA: Well, Your Honor, I think they need to show there's a possibility of it getting to that point, and I

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don't see that at all. First of all, Mr. Aaronson and Mr. Naser are talking about doing a documentary about his life and his experience, and that's totally appropriate. There's been no talk about when that documentary is going to be published. You know, they're also talking about generally the things that the FBI does to -- which in their belief manufacturers terrorism which unfairly targets Muslims. And I think this is something, while Mr. Naser is going through this case, that he has a First Amendment right to talk about. He even has a First Amendment right to talk about it in relationship to his case unless it's going to poison the jury pool, that it's going to make it impossible to pick a fair and impartial jury.

It's -- someone who's got a podcast with thousands of listeners across the country I don't think so overwhelms this jury pool that we can't through the voir dire exclude the two people out of the 70 that we're going to bring in who may or may not have heard of this case. And when I say the two people, I think I'm being generous to how many people on our jury pool are going to have listened to Mr. Aaronson's podcast.

You know, I just tried a terrorism case with someone who was arrested in Syria and brought back here. No one on our jury had heard of him. I mean these are sensational allegations. No one had heard of him. Now, that doesn't mean that you should never be worried about pretrial publicity in

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this case, but I just don't see it here at this time. And it certainly should not be addressed through a protective order.

It should be addressed through a gag order, and the government has not moved for a gag order in this case. I think the protective order is the wrong mechanism.

Their protective order means that Mr. Naser can't have his discovery and go through it and look at it. That means either myself or Miss Bashi or an investigator from my office has to sit with him and go through it, that he can't look at it -- and I don't want to say at his leisure because that's the wrong, really, term. Makes it sound relaxed. But as I'm sure the Court knows from being back in practice, when you prepare for a case, you don't look at stuff one time, and it doesn't always make sense. You look at stuff and something hits you and you go back, pull your binder --

THE COURT: I do the same. I do the same now.

MR. GEROMETTA: Okay. So, you know, it's not all this one time through or two times through or you go through it in order. It takes a long time.

THE COURT: Let me --

MR. GEROMETTA: He's going to lose that ability.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this though, because I know you're talking about the publicity and the limiting effect it might have if this amended request is granted, but he hasn't signed the agreement not to disclose materials that were

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already subject to the 2022 protective order. Why has he not signed that agreement?

MR. GEROMETTA: Your Honor, he hasn't signed that agreement for two reasons. Number one is he feels that it's being interpreted overbroad by the government, which is I think something that we -- if we believe that have an affirmative duty to litigate, to ask things be removed from the protective order, first thing we should do is talk to the government about it obviously before we come to the Court. I'm sure the Court does not want to get back into handling discovery disputes now that it's left a lot of that behind. But, you know, I think that's one reason, and the other reason is because of this idea that now everything's going to be under the protective order. We neglected to have him sign it. That was, you know, my fault. But and then when we talked to him about it, we had already gone to the idea that maybe everything was going to be under the protective order and he drew the line there.

So I think what the Court could do, what I'd like the Court to do is to keep the current protective order and just say, Mr. Naser, until you sign that protective order, you're just going to get the general discovery, and there's another batch of discovery to be delivered and it contains a fair amount of protected discovery but a lot of general discovery for him to go through.

THE COURT: And is it your contention that he is going

to sign the agreement?

MR. GEROMETTA: Well, Your Honor, I would like to have some more time to sit down and talk to him about it, but I'd also like him to start going through the rest of the general discovery at this time so that we can -- there's now general discovery to keep him busy for a while, so that we can get this case moving forward.

THE COURT: And I'll just tell you, I think that this is slightly far afield from the motion, but I've heard you express a concern about the timing of this case and potential delays in going to trial, but Mr. Naser not sitting with you and reviewing the discovery could harm his ability to prepare for trial in a timely and an efficient way. So I'm also thinking about that, that he may be delaying his own trial.

MR. GEROMETTA: I understand that, Your Honor, and I think if we could get -- if the Court would keep the protective order status quo, for lack of a better word --

THE COURT: And just hope that he would sign the agreement?

MR. GEROMETTA: Your Honor, if I sit down with him and we go through much of the general discovery in the next week or two, I would hope that he would at that point with a little more time, with he and I, sign the protective order at that point. And if not, you know, it is — the Court asked what the government, what are they supposed to do if he just refuses to

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sign a protective order, and that I don't have an answer for.

And that's -- and I think as his attorney, I just need to sit

with him and tell him, look, we've got to get this but part of

that is going through the rest of the discovery and building

some trust between Mr. Naser and I which is, as I'm sure the

Court's aware, an ongoing business.

THE COURT: Well, I can tell you that the Court would certainly not be inclined to order the government to produce sensitive materials specifically for his review if he won't even sign this agreement.

MR. GEROMETTA: I understand that, Your Honor, and that's why at this time I'm not requesting that.

THE DEFENDANT: Come here.

MR. GEROMETTA: Could I have one moment, please? (Attorney/client conference.)

MR. GEROMETTA: Thank you, Your Honor.

You know, as far as the delay goes, I know the Court was -- I promise I'm not touching this. As far as the Court -- the delay goes, as I'm sure the Court knows, we're eight months in and the delay is one of Mr. Naser's, you know, big issues. If we could get this general discovery, you know, I'm confident when we take a look at everything that we will work out the sensitive discovery portion and get this case moving and the delay in this case will not be Mr. Naser's fault, that before we're through the general discovery, we'll work out the

sensitive discovery issue.

THE COURT: Well, I'll just say on the record, it doesn't appear that Mr. Naser's ready for trial if trial were to be ordered right now within a short period of time. Even with what's been produced, he hasn't gone through it, so I'm just, again, noting that.

MR. GEROMETTA: Your Honor, we have been through everything that's been disclosed to Mr. Naser. There's a -- we haven't been through the last batch which hasn't been disclosed. It's been disclosed to us at the U.S. Attorneys' Office, but it hasn't been given to us. When he gets it, he's very diligent and we have staffed this case to move it as quick as possible.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. GEROMETTA: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Slavin, this is your motion, and so you'll have the last word if there are any other matters you'd like to bring to the Court's attention having heard Mr. Gerometta's response to your argument.

MR. SLAVIN: Thank you, Your Honor. I just want to respond to one thing which is the question of the proper remedy. And the defense suggests that for the pretrial publicity concern the proper remedy would be a gag order. We don't want to go that far. We want to respect the defendant's First Amendment rights. We want to respect the media's rights.

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And we don't want, even though the Court can -- you know, there's a balancing side that, you know, case law says there's infringements that can be made on that right to protect a trial. We don't want to go any further than is necessary. And that's why we think a protective order is a good solution because if the defendant and this reporter want to complain about the FBI's treatment of Muslims, they're free to do that, but they don't have the ability to say the documents in this case, specifically the discovery documents in this case, the FBI's own documents, say X, Y, and Z and that proves that the FBI's targeting Muslims, because we have no way -- it's going to be a one-sided story. It's going to have that credibility because they'll be able to say documents support it, and we may not be able to counter that because the documents they're talking about may be hearsay, may be inadmissible for other reasons. And so that's our concern.

And this case did attract media attention when it was indicted. It was covered by -- it was in AP, CNN, ABC, Fox, all of the major outlets. So that concern is there. And we think rather than any kind of gag order, a protective order that just says you could talk but you're not going to have the ability to say "Let me give you these documents or read from them to you that prove my point" is the right middle ground without infringing on anybody's freedoms.

The other thing, the sensitive -- this general

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dispute, we are happy to sit down with the defense and hash out, you know, which documents are general, which documents are sensitive without involving the Court. I'm sure that we can reach compromises and reach agreements on those things. But if we're at the point where we know that any document that is marked general discovery is going to immediately be handed over or eventually be handed over to the media, we're going to be extra careful with those documents because they may contain, even if it's bank account information, they may contain bank account information of people other than the defendant.

THE COURT: But what would make that any different than a garden variety white collar fraud case that a person could choose to receive their basic documents in discovery and do an interview based upon those documents and share those documents?

MR. SLAVIN: In those cases, generally those documents themselves are not being handed over to the media. If they --

THE COURT: But they could be.

MR. SLAVIN: I think if you -- if I had a white collar case where arose -- where the same issues arose, I would be considering a protective order or at least redacting, you know, bank account information, you know, taking more steps in that discovery as well to protect that information because things like tax information, financial information, bank account numbers, those, you know, while they don't reveal sensitive law

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enforcement methods, are still sensitive information that needs
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     to be more carefully dealt with and protected. And so if we
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    think that information's going to be -- immediately go to
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    media, we're going to be a little more careful in it and we
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    will err -- that's why we have been erring towards, well, let's
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    be careful with this. And we're happy to have those
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    negotiations, but we have a lot more comfort that we're
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    protecting, you know, private information, financial
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     information with a -- if we know that it's not going to be
10
     immediately handed over to the media.
11
             THE COURT: Thank you.
12
             MR. SLAVIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
13
             THE COURT:
                          I'm not going to issue a ruling today
    because I do want to review the other -- I believe it was a
14
15
    call. So as soon as I receive that and review it, the Court
16
     will issue an order shortly thereafter.
17
             MR. SLAVIN: Your Honor, do you only want the
18
    April 7th calls or all of the calls that we mentioned in our
19
    motion?
20
             THE COURT: The April 7th call.
21
             MR. SLAVIN: Understood. Thank you.
22
                          Thank you.
             THE COURT:
              So this matter will remain pending, and I will take it
23
24
    under advisement once I have received the April 7th call.
25
     it remains open until I've received that call.
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I will also stay tuned to see if there are further
motions filed, and I am aware that the other motion regarding
designation of the case remains outstanding. The Court will be
issuing an order on that.
         Is there anything further for the Court's
consideration today?
         MS. MOHSIN: Nothing further from the government at
this time. Thank you, Judge.
         THE COURT: Thank you.
         Mr. Gerometta?
         MR. GEROMETTA: Your Honor, I may request the Court
listen to one of those other calls, but I want to relisten to
it myself before I waste your time asking you to review a
second call for context.
         THE COURT: Okay. If you're going to request the
Court listen to it and it's already been mentioned, you can
simply just alert the Court --
         MR. GEROMETTA:
                        Okay.
         THE COURT: -- and either you or counsel for the
government may provide it to the Court.
         MR. GEROMETTA: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
         THE COURT:
                     Thank you.
         And I will just direct you to do that no later than
one week from today.
         MR. GEROMETTA: Will do. Thank you.
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              THE COURT:
                          Thank you.
 2
              That will be all for purposes of today's hearing.
 3
     Court is adjourned.
                          Thank you.
 4
              MR. GEROMETTA: Thank you, Your Honor.
 5
              MS. MOHSIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
 6
         (Proceedings concluded, 3:47 p.m.)
 7
 8
                        CERTIFICATION OF REPORTER
 9
        I, Leann S. Lizza, do hereby certify that the above-entitled
10
11
    matter was taken before me at the time and place hereinbefore
12
    set forth; that the proceedings were duly recorded by me
13
    stenographically and reduced to computer transcription; that
    this is a true, full and correct transcript of my stenographic
14
15
    notes so taken; and that I am not related to, nor of counsel to
16
     either party, nor interested in the event of this cause.
17
18
19
     S/Leann S. Lizza
                                                      8-2-2023
20
     Leann S. Lizza, CSR-3746, RPR, CRR, RMR, RDR
                                                      Date
21
22
23
2.4
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